

beg steal and borrow artists against originality Full Version

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In the world of art, creativity and originality are often considered the pinnacle of artistic achievement. However, a recurring debate persists: should artists strictly adhere to originality, or is borrowing, stealing, and building upon existing ideas an acceptable and even vital part of creative evolution? The phrase "beg, steal, and borrow artists against originality" encapsulates a perspective that challenges the traditional notion that true artistry must be entirely original. Instead, it advocates for a more nuanced approach—one that recognizes the importance of influence, homage, and iterative development in artistic practice.

This article explores the complex relationship between originality and influence in art, examining the arguments on both sides, and emphasizing how many celebrated artists have historically thrived by borrowing and reinterpreting existing works. We will also delve into the ethical considerations, the role of inspiration, and how the line between homage and plagiarism can sometimes blur, shaping the ongoing dialogue about what constitutes genuine originality.

Understanding the Concept: Beg, Steal, and Borrow

Origins of the Phrase

The phrase "beg, steal, and borrow" has its roots in common idiomatic expressions that emphasize resourcefulness. When applied to artists, it suggests that creativity is often built upon existing ideas—"begging" for inspiration, "stealing" elements from other works, and "borrowing" motifs or techniques to create something new. The phrase challenges the romanticized notion of the solitary, original genius, proposing instead that all artists are influenced by their predecessors.

Historical Examples of Borrowing in Art

Many renowned artists have openly borrowed or adapted ideas:

- Pablo Picasso: His Cubist works drew inspiration from African masks and Iberian sculpture.
- Claude Monet: His Impressionist style was revolutionary but heavily inspired by earlier landscape painters.
- Andy Warhol: His art was rooted in mass production and appropriation of pop culture images.

These examples demonstrate that borrowing can serve as a catalyst for innovation rather than a sign of lack of originality.

The Value of Borrowing and Influence in Artistic Development

Fostering Creativity

Borrowing from existing works allows artists to explore new perspectives, techniques, and themes. It provides a foundation upon which they can innovate further.

Benefits include:

- Enhancing technical skills by studying masterworks.
- Developing unique styles through reinterpretation.
- Creating dialogues between different eras and cultures.

Building a Cultural Continuum

Artistic progress depends on a shared language of symbols, forms, and ideas. Borrowing ensures the continuity of styles and motifs across generations, enriching the cultural tapestry.

Ethical Considerations: When Does Borrowing Cross the Line?

Homage vs. Plagiarism

While borrowing can be beneficial, it becomes problematic when it:

- Uses others' work without acknowledgment.
- Copies distinctive elements too closely.
- Exploits original creators' ideas for personal gain.

Distinguishing between homage and plagiarism hinges on intent, context, and acknowledgment.

Legal Aspects

Intellectual property laws protect original works, but their application in art can be complex. Artists should be aware of copyright laws, especially when reproducing or adapting specific works.

Notable Artists Who Embraced Borrowing

- **Henri Matisse:** Known for reinterpreting classical motifs within modernist frameworks.
- **Jeff Koons:** His use of appropriation blurs the line between originality and copying.
- **Sherrie Levine:** Famous for reproducing photographs of other artists' works, questioning notions of originality.

These artists demonstrate that borrowing can be a conscious, provocative choice that challenges traditional ideas of originality.

Originality in the Age of Reproduction and Digital Media

The Impact of Technology

Digital tools and the internet have transformed how artists access and incorporate existing works. Sampling, remixing, and digital manipulation make borrowing more accessible and prevalent.

The Democratization of Art

With platforms like Instagram, TikTok, and YouTube, artists can rapidly share influence and inspiration, leading to a more interconnected and collaborative creative environment.

Strategies for Ethical Borrowing and Creating Original Art

Give Credit Where It's Due

Always acknowledge sources and inspirations to maintain integrity.

Transform and Reinterpret

Use borrowed elements as a starting point, then add your unique perspective to develop something new.

Develop a Personal Voice

While borrowing is natural, cultivating your style ensures your work remains authentic.

Conclusion: Embracing Influence as a Path to Originality

The debate over "beg, steal, and borrow" versus pure originality is nuanced. Many of the most celebrated artists have thrived by engaging with existing works, reinterpreting, transforming, and elevating them. Borrowing is not inherently unethical or uncreative; rather, it is an integral part of artistic evolution. The key lies in respecting original creators, transforming borrowed elements into

something uniquely personal, and fostering a culture of inspiration rather than imitation.

In embracing influence, artists can cultivate a rich, interconnected artistic landscape where originality is not about inventing from nothing but about contributing new interpretations to a shared cultural conversation. Ultimately, the most enduring art often emerges not from isolation but from the dynamic process of borrowing, learning, and reimagining.

Beg, Steal, and Borrow Artists Against Originality: Navigating the Complex Landscape of Artistic Influence and Authenticity

In the ever-evolving world of art, the phrase beg, steal, and borrow artists against originality encapsulates a controversial yet unavoidable reality: many artists, whether consciously or unconsciously, draw inspiration from existing works, styles, or cultural motifs. This phenomenon raises essential questions about the boundaries of originality, the ethics of influence, and the value of authentic creativity in a saturated creative environment. While some view borrowing as a vital part of artistic growth and dialogue, others see it as a threat to genuine innovation. This article explores the nuances of this practice, its implications for artists and audiences, and the ongoing debate about what constitutes true originality in art.

Understanding the Concept: Beg, Steal, and Borrow in Art

The phrase "beg, steal, and borrow" is often used to describe the ways artists incorporate elements from others' work. It underscores the fluidity of inspiration and the blurred lines between homage, influence, and plagiarism. Recognizing this spectrum is crucial to understanding how artists develop their voices.

Origins and Evolution of the Phrase

- Originally a colloquial expression emphasizing resourcefulness, often in the context of life and ingenuity.
- In art, it has been adapted to describe the process of sourcing ideas, styles, or motifs from existing works.
- The phrase highlights the pragmatic reality that complete originality is rare; most artists stand on the shoulders of predecessors.

Types of Borrowing in Art

- Homage: Respectful nods to influential works or artists.
- Influence: Subtle incorporation of stylistic elements or themes.

- Sampling: Direct use of recognizable parts from other artworks.
- Plagiarism: Uncredited copying that crosses ethical boundaries.

The Role of Influence in Artistic Development

Influence is an intrinsic part of artistic evolution. No artist exists in a vacuum; rather, they are part of a continuum of cultural dialogue.

Pros of Borrowing and Influence

- Fosters Innovation: Building upon existing ideas can lead to new, hybrid forms of expression.
- Historical Context: Understanding past influences helps contextualize contemporary work.
- Educational Tool: For emerging artists, copying can serve as a learning exercise.
- Cultural Dialogue: Borrowing can bridge different traditions and foster cross-cultural understanding.

Cons and Challenges

- Risk of Loss of Originality: Excessive borrowing can diminish an artist's unique voice.
- Ethical Concerns: Uncredited borrowing may infringe on intellectual property rights.
- Audience Perception: Over-reliance on borrowed elements can lead to accusations of inauthenticity.
- Legal Ramifications: Copyright infringement can result in legal disputes.

Case Studies of Borrowing in Art History

Examining historical examples reveals how borrowing has played a pivotal role in artistic innovation and controversy.

Impressionism and Post-Impressionism

- Artists like Monet and Van Gogh borrowed techniques from earlier painters but transformed them into new styles.
- Their influence was rooted in reinterpretation, blending inspiration with personal expression.

Pop Art and Commercial Imagery

- Artists like Andy Warhol famously used images from mass media and advertising, blurring the lines between commercial art and fine art.
- This borrowing challenged traditional notions of originality and elevated popular culture.

Contemporary Art and Appropriation

- Artists such as Sherrie Levine and Barbara Kruger appropriated existing photographs and text to critique concepts of authorship and originality.
- Their work sparked debates about the ethics of borrowing and the nature of artistic ownership.

Ethical and Legal Dimensions of Borrowing

Understanding the boundaries of ethical and legal borrowing is essential for artists and audiences alike.

Copyright and Intellectual Property

- Copyright laws protect original works, but fair use exceptions allow limited borrowing for commentary, criticism, or parody.
- Artists must navigate these laws carefully to avoid infringement.

Ethical Considerations

- Giving credit where due.
- Transforming borrowed elements to add new meaning.
- Avoiding plagiarism and uncredited copying.

Pros and Cons

- Pros:
 - Encourages dialogue and reinterpretation.
 - Can elevate marginalized or overlooked works.
- Cons:
 - Potential exploitation of original creators.
 - Risk of diluting artistic originality.

The Impact of Digital Media and Social Platforms

The advent of digital technology has democratized art creation and dissemination, complicating the beg, steal, and borrow paradigm.

Advantages

- Easy access to vast repositories of images, styles, and techniques.
- Opportunities for remixing, mashups, and collaborative projects.
- Increased exposure for emerging artists.

Challenges

- Difficulty in establishing authorship and ownership.
- Higher likelihood of unintentional infringement.
- The viral nature of digital content can amplify both homage and infringement.

Strategies for Balancing Influence and Originality

Artists seeking to navigate the fine line between inspiration and originality can adopt several approaches.

Develop a Personal Voice

- Use borrowed elements as a foundation rather than the endpoint.
- Transform influences into something uniquely personal.

Give Proper Attribution

- Acknowledge sources and inspirations openly.
- Foster transparency and respect within the artistic community.

Innovate Within Constraints

- Challenge oneself to reinterpret borrowed ideas in novel ways.
- Combine multiple influences to create complex, layered works.

Engage in Ethical Practices

- Respect intellectual property rights.
- Avoid direct copying without permission or acknowledgment.

Conclusion: The Future of Originality in Art

The dance between beg, steal, and borrow artists and the pursuit of originality remains a dynamic and complex aspect of the creative landscape. While influence is inevitable and often beneficial, maintaining a conscious balance is crucial to fostering authentic and meaningful art. As technology continues to advance and cultural boundaries become more porous, the conversation around borrowing will evolve, challenging artists to find innovative ways to honor tradition while pushing the boundaries of originality. Ultimately, the most compelling art may emerge not from total novelty, but from a thoughtful synthesis of existing ideas, transformed through the artist's unique perspective.

In summary, borrowing in art is both a practical necessity and a potential pitfall. Recognizing its role in creative development, understanding its ethical implications, and striving for genuine transformation can help artists navigate this complex terrain. By doing so, they contribute to a vibrant cultural dialogue that respects the past, engages with the present, and shapes the future of artistic expression.

Question What does the phrase 'beg, steal, and borrow artists against originality' imply about artistic creation? It suggests that artists often rely on existing ideas, techniques, or influences—sometimes through imitation or borrowing—rather than creating entirely original work, highlighting a tension between originality and homage in art. Is borrowing or imitating other artists considered acceptable in the art world? Yes, many art forms and movements value influence and homage; however, excessive copying or lack of originality can be criticized. The balance between inspiration and originality is key to artistic integrity. How can artists maintain originality while being inspired by others? Artists can incorporate influences in unique ways, add personal perspectives, and innovate upon existing ideas to create work that is both respectful of influences and distinctly their own. What are the risks of relying too heavily on borrowing in art? Over-reliance on borrowing can lead to accusations of plagiarism, diminish an artist's authenticity, and hinder creative growth by not developing a truly unique voice. How has the digital age affected the balance between originality and borrowing among artists? The digital age has made it easier to access and remix existing works, fostering a culture of sampling and mashups. While this encourages innovation, it also raises questions about originality and intellectual property. Can 'beg, steal, and borrow' be a valid approach to learning and developing as an artist? Yes, initially borrowing and imitating can serve as valuable learning tools; however, developing one's own voice and originality is essential for artistic growth and recognition.

Related keywords: artistic integrity, originality, plagiarism, copying, creative theft, artistic theft, authenticity, artistic influence, originality debate, artistic ownership

Rules for stealing stars english edition

Rules for stealing stars english edition is a fascinating topic that captures the imagination of many gamers and fans of the Mario universe. Whether you're a seasoned player or a newcomer exploring the colorful worlds of Super Mario, understanding the nuances and strategies related to stealing stars is essential for mastering the game. In this article, we will delve into the various rules, techniques, and tips associated with stealing stars in the English edition of the game, providing comprehensive insights to enhance your gameplay experience.

Understanding the Context of Stealing Stars

Before diving into the rules, it's important to grasp the context in which stealing stars occurs within the game. In many Mario titles, especially those involving multiplayer modes or mini-games, stealing stars becomes a strategic move to outwit opponents and gain an advantage.

The Role of Stars in Mario Games

Stars are often pivotal collectibles that symbolize progress, victory, or currency within the game. For example:

- In Mario Party series, stars are the primary goal, with players competing to accumulate the most stars by the end of the game.
- In Mario Kart, stars can be power-ups that grant temporary invincibility or speed boosts.

In the context of stealing, the focus is mainly on multiplayer aspects where players can strategically take stars from each other to hinder opponents or advance their own position.

General Rules for Stealing Stars in the English Edition

Understanding the basic rules is essential before executing any star-stealing strategy. Here are the core principles that govern stealing stars:

Eligibility for Stealing

- Typically, a player can only steal a star if they meet specific conditions set by the game mode.
- In some versions, players must land on particular spaces or use specific items to initiate a steal.
- Certain mini-games or events allow or require players to steal stars as part of the gameplay mechanics.

Timing and Conditions

- Stealing is often limited to specific turns or phases within a game round.
- There may be cooldowns or restrictions to prevent continuous stealing, ensuring fairness.
- Some games require players to answer a question, perform a mini-game, or meet certain criteria before stealing.

Legal and Illegal Stealing

- Most rules distinguish between legitimate stealing (permitted within gameplay rules) and cheating or unfair tactics.
- Cheating, such as hacking or exploiting glitches, is strictly prohibited and can lead to disqualification.

Specific Rules in Major Mario Titles

Different titles have unique rules for stealing stars. Below, we explore some of the most popular games and their specific mechanics.

Mario Party Series

Mario Party is perhaps the most well-known for star-stealing mechanics.

How to Steal Stars in Mario Party

- Players can land on specific spaces that allow them to steal a star.
- Alternatively, certain mini-games or items enable star theft.
- The game often restricts players to steal only one star per turn unless special conditions apply.

Items Facilitating Star Stealing

- **Thwomp Hammer:** Allows stealing stars from opponents within reach.
- **Chomp Call:** Summons a chomp to steal a star from a targeted player.
- **Bowser Spaces:** Landing on Bowser spaces can result in star theft or loss, depending on the game mode.

Strategic Considerations

- Timing your steal is crucial; stealing at the right moment can cripple opponents.
- Managing items and knowing the map is vital for effective star theft.

Mario Kart Series

While Mario Kart focuses more on power-ups than direct star theft, certain items and mechanics resemble star-stealing tactics.

Stars as Power-Ups

- The Super Star grants temporary invincibility and speed but does not directly allow stealing stars.
- However, players can use other items (like shells or bananas) to impede opponents and position themselves for future star acquisition.

Other Titles and Variations

In some spin-off or lesser-known titles, the rules for stealing stars may vary:

- Super Mario Odyssey: No direct star-stealing mechanic, but players can hijack power moons or coins.
- Mario & Luigi RPGs: Certain mini-games involve stealing items or stars through strategic moves.

Legal and Fair Play Guidelines

Maintaining fairness in gameplay is essential. Here are some legal guidelines related to stealing stars:

Permitted Actions

- Using items and spaces within the game's rules.
- Participating in mini-games designed for star theft.
- Strategically positioning oneself to steal based on game mechanics.

Prohibited Actions

- Exploiting glitches or bugs to steal stars illegitimately.
- Using third-party software or hacks.
- Colluding with other players outside the game's intended mechanics.

Tips and Strategies for Effective Star Stealing

Successfully stealing stars requires strategic planning and timing. Here are some tips to enhance your gameplay:

Know the Map and Event Locations

- Familiarize yourself with the game board or map to identify potential star locations and safe spots.
- Anticipate opponents' movements to time your steal effectively.

Use Items Wisely

- Save powerful items for critical moments.
- Combine items to maximize their impact on opponents.

Timing Is Key

- Wait for the right opportunity, such as when an opponent is vulnerable or has just used their star.
- Avoid reckless stealing that can backfire or cost you valuable positions.

Focus on Opponent Weaknesses

- Target players who are close to winning or have accumulated many stars.
- Balance offensive actions with defensive strategies to protect your own stars.

Conclusion

Understanding the rules for stealing stars in the English edition of Mario games is essential for strategic gameplay and competitive success. Whether you're engaging in Mario Party, Mario Kart, or other titles, knowing when, how, and under what conditions you can legally and effectively steal stars can turn the tide of the game in your favor. Remember to always play fair, respect the game's

mechanics, and use stealing as a strategic tool rather than a cheat. With practice and knowledge, you can master the art of star theft and become a formidable player in the vibrant world of Mario gaming.

If you have any specific game titles or mechanics in mind, feel free to ask for more detailed rules or strategies!

Rules for Stealing Stars English Edition: A Comprehensive Guide to Mastering the Game

In the world of tabletop gaming, few titles have captured the imagination quite like Rules for Stealing Stars (English Edition). This strategic, narrative-driven game combines elements of resource management, tactical decision-making, and storytelling, all wrapped within a captivating universe. Whether you're a seasoned gamer or new to the genre, understanding the core mechanics and rules of Rules for Stealing Stars English Edition is essential for a successful and enjoyable experience. This guide aims to provide an in-depth breakdown of the game's rules, offering strategies, clarifications, and tips to help players navigate the complex but rewarding universe of stealing stars.

Overview of the Game

Before diving into the rules, it's helpful to understand what Rules for Stealing Stars entails. Set in a sprawling galaxy filled with rival factions, the game challenges players to navigate diplomatic encounters, resource acquisition, and covert operations, all while attempting to steal stars'valuable celestial assets that can turn the tide of the game. The English Edition offers translated rules, expanded storylines, and new mechanics to enhance gameplay for English-speaking audiences.

Core Components and Setup

Components

- Star Tokens: The main resources to be captured or stolen.
- Faction Cards: Represent different factions with unique abilities.
- Action Cards: Offer various moves, tactics, or events.
- Scenario Booklet: Contains specific objectives and storylines.
- Dice: Used for resolving conflicts and chance-based actions.
- Player Boards: Track resources, reputation, and special abilities.
- Tokens and Markers: For tracking influence, health, or other stats.

Setup

- Choose Factions: Each player selects a faction card, which determines their starting resources and unique abilities.
- Set Up the Board: Arrange the star sectors, planets, and event zones as indicated in the scenario.
- Distribute Components: Deal action cards, tokens, and starting resources to each player.
- Determine Turn Order: Use dice or a random method to decide who goes first.
- Review Objectives: Read the scenario booklet to understand specific victory conditions and story elements.

Basic Gameplay Structure

Rules for Stealing Stars follows a turn-based format, with players alternating actions until a win condition is met. Each turn involves several phases:

- Planning Phase: Players choose actions from their hand or available options.
- Action Phase: Players perform their chosen actions?moving, attacking, trading, or executing special abilities.
- Resolution Phase: Any conflicts or events are resolved, including dice rolls or card effects.
- End of Turn: Players discard used cards, draw new ones if applicable, and prepare for the next round.

Detailed Rules Breakdown

- Movement and Exploration
 - Moving Ships: Players can move their ships across sectors based on movement points indicated on their faction or action cards.
 - Exploring New Sectors: Enter unexplored regions to reveal new stars, planets, or event zones. Drawing from the scenario deck introduces random encounters or opportunities.
 - Restrictions: Some sectors may be protected or require special conditions to access.
- Combat and Conflict Resolution
 - Engagement Initiation: When players? ships occupy the same sector, they can initiate conflict.
 - Combat Mechanics:
 - Roll dice as per the conflict rules.

- Apply modifiers from faction abilities or action cards.
- Resolve outcomes based on the total dice results, with the loser potentially losing stars or ships.
- Special Abilities: Use faction-specific powers to influence combat, such as rerolling dice or reducing damage.

- Stealing Stars

- Methods to Steal:
 - Successful combat: Defeating opponents can grant stars.
 - Covert Operations: Use stealth or sabotage action cards to steal stars without conflict.
 - Diplomatic Deals: Negotiations or alliances can lead to star transfers.
- Limits and Risks:
 - Attempting to steal may trigger alarms or retaliation.
 - Some stars are protected or require specific conditions to steal.
 - Failure may result in penalties, such as losing influence or resources.

- Resource Management

- Gathering Resources: Explore sectors or complete objectives to acquire resources.
- Trading: Trade stars or other resources with opponents or neutral parties.
- Upgrading Ships and Abilities: Spend resources to improve fleet capabilities or unlock new actions.

- Special Actions and Card Plays

- Using Action Cards: Play cards from your hand to perform special maneuvers, counter attacks, or influence the game state.
- Timing: Some cards can be played during specific phases or in response to opponent actions.
- Combos: Combining cards and abilities strategically can give significant advantages.

Winning the Game

Rules for Stealing Stars offers multiple victory conditions depending on the scenario:

- Most Stars: Accumulate a predetermined number of stars.
- Complete Objectives: Fulfill secret or public objectives outlined at the start.
- Eliminate Opponents: Reduce other players' resources or influence to zero.
- Story-Driven Endings: Certain scenarios conclude with narrative-driven victory conditions.

Tips and Strategies

- Balance Offense and Defense: While stealing stars is tempting, protecting your own assets is equally important.
- Leverage Faction Strengths: Understand and maximize your faction's unique abilities.
- Plan Moves Ahead: Anticipate opponents' actions and set traps or ambushes.
- Manage Risks: Know when to attack, when to negotiate, and when to retreat.
- Utilize Card Synergies: Build combos with action cards to surprise opponents.
- Adapt to the Scenario: Different scenarios may require different strategies.

Common Clarifications and FAQs

Q: Can I steal stars from multiple opponents in one turn?

A: Typically, you can attempt to steal from multiple players if you have the resources or cards to do so, but each attempt may carry risks and must follow the turn order.

Q: What happens if I fail to steal a star?

A: Failure may result in penalties such as losing influence, revealing your position, or triggering counterattacks.

Q: Are there any restrictions on trading stars?

A: Trading is generally allowed between players, but some scenarios or faction abilities may impose restrictions or costs.

Q: How does the game end?

A: The game concludes when a player meets the victory condition, such as collecting a set number of stars, completing objectives, or fulfilling story-specific criteria.

Final Thoughts

Rules for Stealing Stars English Edition offers a rich and engaging experience that combines tactical

gameplay with storytelling. Mastery of its rules requires understanding not only the mechanics but also the strategic nuances of diplomacy, combat, and resource management. By familiarizing yourself with these rules and employing thoughtful strategies, you can navigate the galaxy, outwit your opponents, and emerge victorious in your quest to steal the most stars.

Remember, each game session may differ based on scenarios and player choices, making adaptability and creativity key to becoming a master of Rules for Stealing Stars. Happy gaming!

Question What are the main rules for stealing stars in the game 'Rules for Stealing Stars' English edition? In 'Rules for Stealing Stars,' players take turns drawing cards and attempting to steal stars from other players based on specific card instructions. The game emphasizes strategic decision-making and adhering to each card's unique stealing rules to win. How do players determine who can be targeted when stealing stars? Players can target any other player unless the card specifies restrictions. Some cards may limit who can be targeted, such as only players with fewer stars or specific roles, ensuring strategic choices during stealing turns. Are there any restrictions on when players can steal stars during their turn? Generally, players can attempt to steal stars during their turn when they draw particular cards that allow stealing. The rules specify which cards enable stealing and any limitations on their use. What happens if a player tries to steal stars illegally or violates the rules? If a player attempts to steal stars outside the permitted rules, they may face penalties such as losing their turn, returning stolen stars, or facing a penalty card, depending on the game's specific rules. Can players steal stars multiple times in a single turn? Typically, players can only steal stars once per turn, unless a special card or rule allows multiple steals. The rules clarify these exceptions to maintain game balance. Are there any special cards that modify the rules for stealing stars? Yes, certain cards introduce special abilities, such as protection from theft, additional steals, or reversing stealing actions, adding strategic depth to the game. What is the objective regarding stealing stars in the game? The primary objective is to collect the most stars by successfully stealing from other players while following the rules, ultimately leading to victory by having the highest star count at the end of the game. How do players resolve disputes about stealing stars or rule violations? Disputes are typically resolved through group consensus or by consulting the rulebook. Some editions may include a designated referee or mediator to ensure fair play. Are there any rules about protecting your stars from being stolen? Yes, some cards or rules grant players protection, such as shields or immunity cards, which prevent others from stealing their stars during a turn. Do the rules for stealing stars differ in the English edition compared to other language editions? While core mechanics remain the same, translations may include specific wording or clarifications to ensure clarity in the English edition. Overall, the fundamental rules for stealing stars are consistent across editions.

Related keywords: stars, stealing, rules, game, strategy, gameplay, instructions, guide, tips, mechanics

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